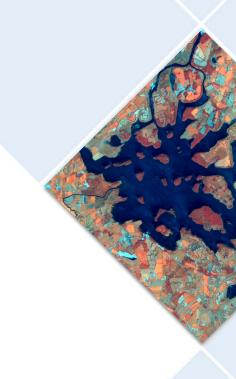


## Monitoring and Reporting on UK Peatlands

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IUCN Peatlands Conference – 4th October

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- International reporting
- Role of Earth observation classification
- Role of Earth observation condition
- Key messages



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International reporting requirements

- Habitats Directive Article 17
- Birds Directive Article 12
- Convention on Migratory Species (CMS)
- Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar)
- Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)

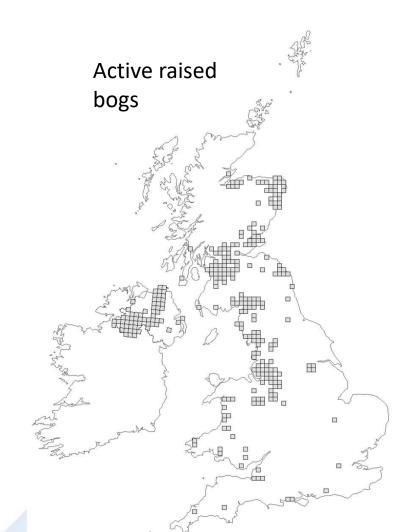


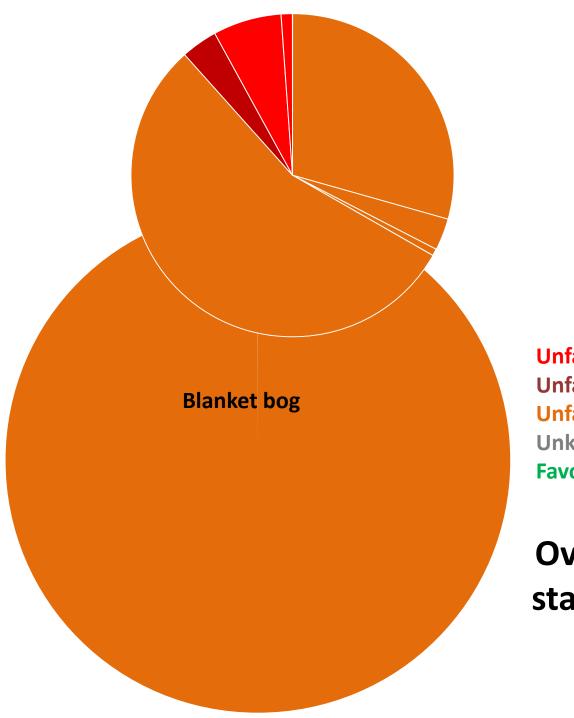
#### **EU Habitats Directive – Article 17**

#### Annex I habitat assessments

2001-07 & 2007-13

- Extent and trend in area
- Pressures and threats
- Conservation status





- Active raised bog
- Rhynchosporion
- Caricion bicoloris
- Degraded raised bog
- Alkaline fen
- Transition mire & quaking bog
- Cladium fen

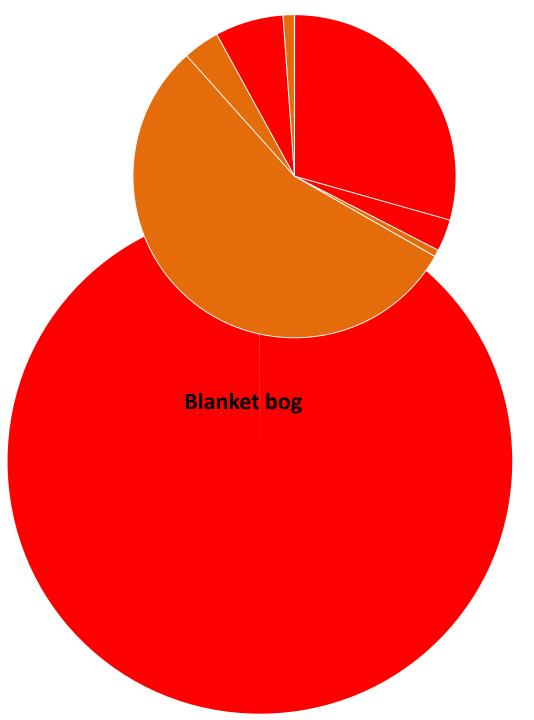
**Unfav.: Bad and deteriorating** 

**Unfav.: Bad** 

**Unfav.: Bad but improving** 

Unknown Favourable

Overall conservation status assessment by peatland type (2001-2007)



- Active raised bog
- Rhynchosporion
- Caricion bicoloris
- Degraded raised bog
- Alkaline fen
- Transition mire & quaking bog
- Cladium fen

**Unfav.: Bad, declining** 

**Unfav.: Bad** 

**Unfav.:** Bad, improving

Unknown Favourable

Overall conservation status assessment by peatland type (2008-2013)

# What is the reporting status?

What is the key content?			
Instrument	Reporting status		Key
Convention on ligratory Species	CoP12 was October 2017. The report was submitted in <b>March 2017</b> .	•	Status of A Indicators f Species

y information sources Appendix I species. for the Strategic Plan for Migratory

(CMS)

Convention on

Convention on

Diversity (CBD)

Biological

Wetlands of

CoP13 to be in October 2018. Latest International report submitted in **September 2017**. **Importance** (Ramsar)

CoP14.

The 6<sup>th</sup> National Report is due in December 2018 in advance of

UK and country biodiversity / natural environment indicators;

Plan.

Implementation of Resolutions.

The content is mainly focussed on

Annex on Ramsar site information

implementation of the new Ramsar Strategic

reports on country strategies and action plans and UK biodiversity framework; other information sources such as State of UK Birds, State of UK Butterflies etc.

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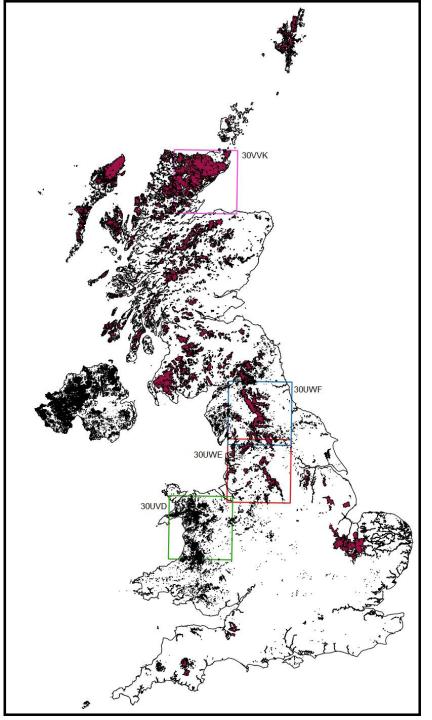
#### **Background**



- Project funded by Scottish Govt and Defra EOCoE/SSGP
- Contractors were CEH and JHI
- Focus on assessing habitat condition for the purpose of Greenhouse Gas Accounting
- Development of Framework for incorporating EO methodologies with current peatland condition monitoring



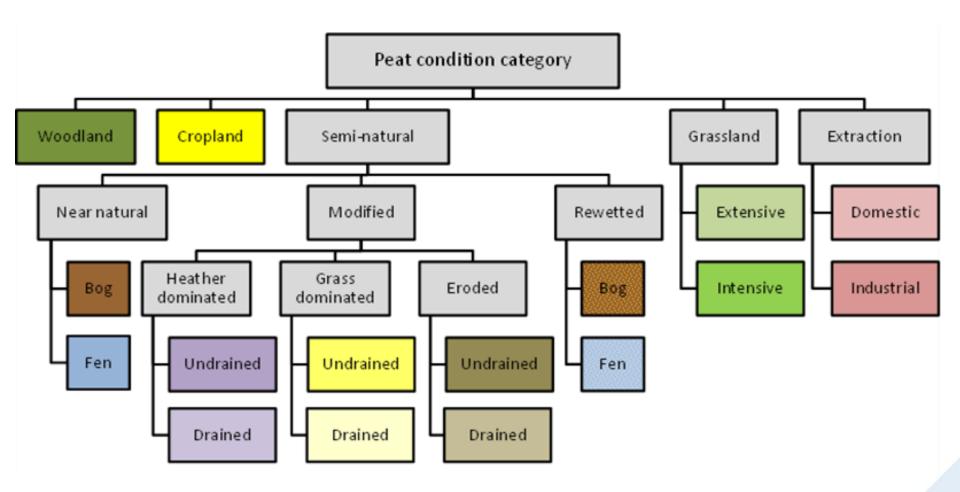




#### **Test areas**

Peatland mask and areas used in the study

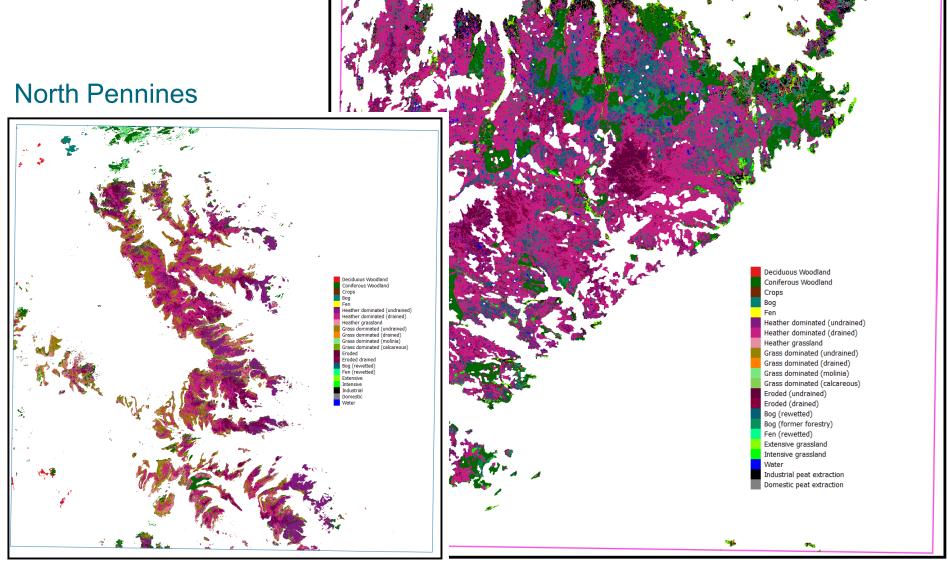
#### **BEIS** peat condition categories





#### **Supervised classification**

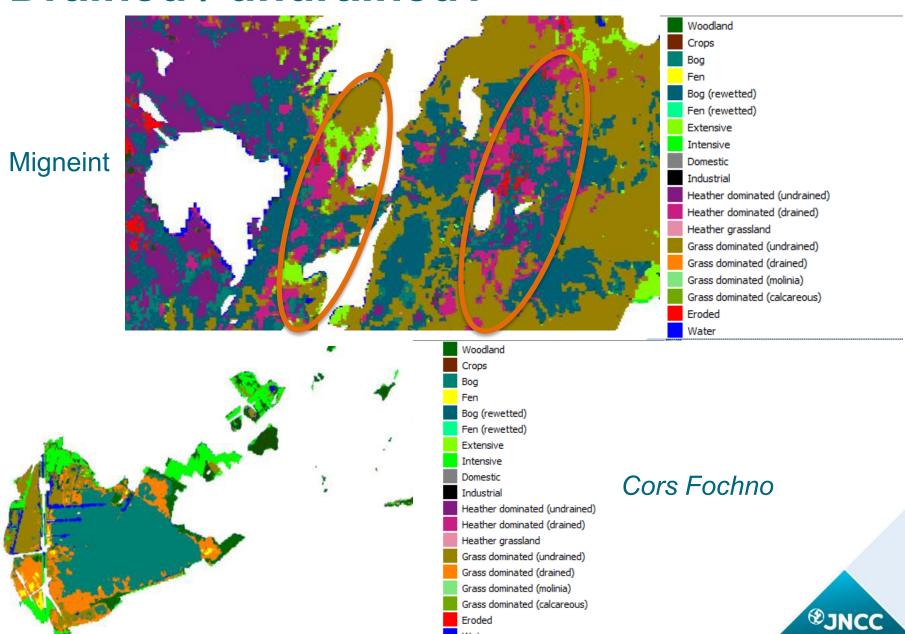
Flow country



- International reporting
- Role of Earth observation classification
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#### **Drained / undrained?**

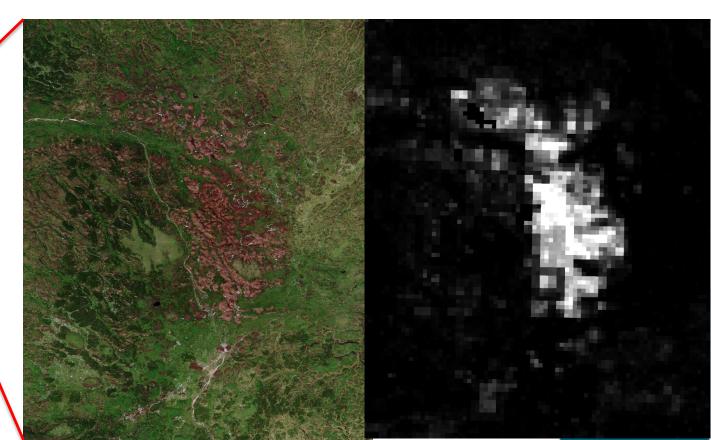


Water

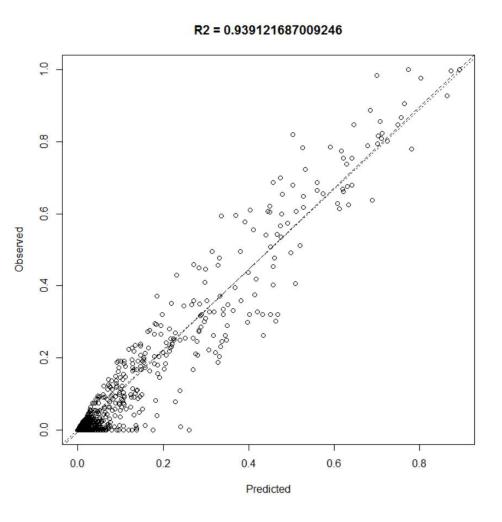
#### **Habitat Condition – bare peat**



- Figure on the left: Peatland classification (white: eroded peat; black: rest of the classes).
- Figures below: detail of eroded peat. Google earth image and RF regression prediction of % bare peat.



### **Habitat Condition – bare peat**



Observed vs predicted % of bare peat

- International reporting
- Role of Earth observation classification
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#### **Key messages**

- International reporting obligations are significant and that will continue
- There are significant evidence requirements for assessment of condition
- Earth observation has a role to play in generating evidence – but not the sole answer
- Features such as bare peat can be modelled effectively
- How to make assessments may need to be reconsidered (Drained/undrained vs Wet/dry)

